

	Palestine	Greece			Rome		
700 BC	<i>Assyria</i> (722, Assyria conquers N. Kingdom)	<i>Greek city-states</i> found colonies around Mediterranean and Black Sea coasts.			Rome founded 753 BC-- <i>Etruscan</i> domination		
600	<i>Babylon</i> (605, Babylon conquers Assyria; 586, Judah conquered, Temple destroyed)						
500	<i>Persia</i> (539, Cyrus conquers Babylon; ca. 500, Temple rebuilt; 500-480 Persia tries to invade Greece)	<i>Athenian Hegemony</i> (490, Darius I defeated at Marathon; 479, Xerxes I defeated at Plataea)			<i>Roman Republic</i> (509, Rome wins independence)		
400		Golden Age of Greece			Latin League (ca. 450-338)		
350	<i>Alexander and the Diadochi</i> (334, Granicus--Asia Minor, 333, Issus--Syria, Palestine, Egypt, 331, Gaugamela--Persia)	<i>Macedonian Empire</i> (338, Philip of Macedon conquers Greece; 334-327, Alexander the Great pushes to India) Wars of the Diadochi (327-281)			Rome expands to dominate Italian Peninsula (338-275)		
300	<i>Ptolemaic Egypt</i>	<i>Hellenistic Kingdoms</i> Egypt (Ptolemies)	Syria (Seleucids)	Greece (Antigonids)	1st and 2nd Punic Wars (264-201) (201, Scipio defeats Hannibal; Rome rules W. Mediterranean) Roman intervention in the Hellenistic Kingdoms (200-150)		
200	<i>Seleucid Syria</i> (168, Antiochus IV Epiphanes defiles Temple) Maccabean Revolt (168-164, 164 Temple cleansed)					Greece falls to Rome, 148-145	Rome conquers Greece
150	<i>Hasmoneans</i>						Rome
100			Syria falls to Rome, 63				
50	<i>Rome</i> (40/36-4, Herod the Great named King of the Jews)		<i>Rome</i>		Rome conquers Syria/Palestine (63, Pompey makes Israel a vassal state) 1st Triumvirate/civil war (63-44; 44 Caesar killed; Republicans defeated at Philippi, 42) 2nd Triumvirate/civil war (42-30; Octavian defeats Anthony and Cleopatra at Actium, 31)		
25 BC		Egypt falls to Rome, 30			Octavian named Augustus, 27--End of Roman Republic, beginning of <i>Roman Empire</i>		
AD	(4 BC-AD 6, Archelaus Ethnarch) Roman Governors				Emperors		